

Iceland: A Microcosm of Communities Affected by the Spread of English

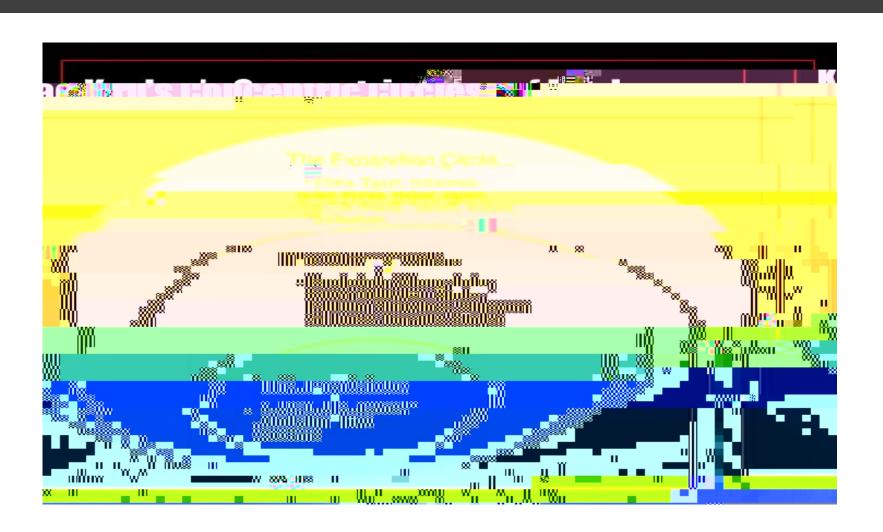
Birna Arnbjörnsdóttir University of Iceland



18. November 2017
University of Victoria

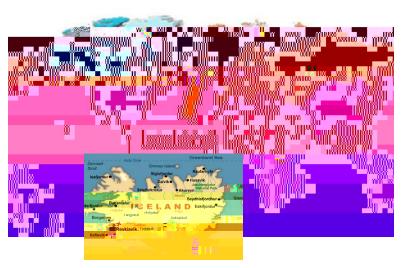
наякольска ARichard Beck Lecture





Iceland





- Population: 325.000
- Nordic Welfare State
- Language: Icelandic.



Theoretical Background

- ELF Movement (Jenkins; Seidlhofer; Maurannen)
- English Expansion Dynamic Model (Schneider, 2007)
- Growth of EMI Programs in Iceland and the Nordic Countries (Wächter & Maiworm, 2014)
- Limitations of EFL based pedagogies to prepare EMI students (Dearden, 2015; Dimova, et al.,2015; Arnbjörnsdóttir & Prinz, 2014; Arnbjörnsdóttir & Ingvarsdóttir, 2017, 2010; Hellekjær, 2005; Percorari et al, 2011)
- The New EAP Approach at the UI draws from a range of pedagogical traditions (Kern, 2000; Swales, 2004; Garnder and Nesi, 2013; Hyland, 2017, Doolan, 2017).

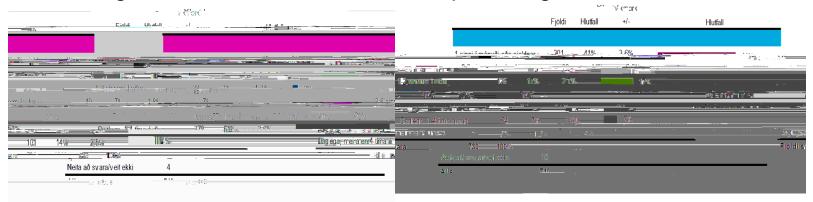


Study of English as a Higus Franca in Icelandin a Changing Linguistic Environment (2009-2014) Out of State Control In Secondary In Sec

English Exposure: 750 Adults

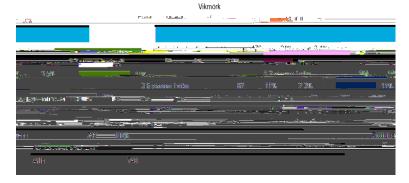
Hear English

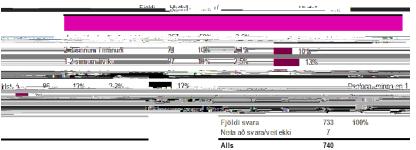




Read English

Write English





Vikmörk



The Linguistic Landscape of Iceland?





Parallel Language Use?

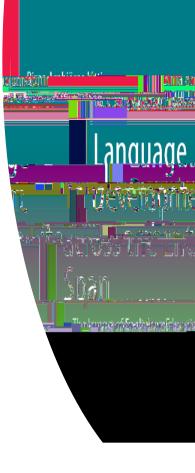
Parallel Language Use:

"The use of parallel languages refers to a situation in which two languages are considered equal in a particular domain, and where the choice of language depends on what is deemed most appropriate and efficient in a specific situation."

www.cip.ku.dk

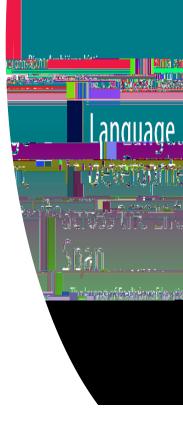


Major Findings Education/EFL



Major Findings EMI at the University of Iceland

- 90% of textbooks are in English
- Proliferation of instruction, theses and assignments written in English
- Robust confidence in English skills
- Actual proficiency in informal, receptive English
 - Limited awareness of academic genres
 - Inability to match register to task



The Work Force

English skills a job requirement?

How much English used?

3% yes

71% emails daily

69% read docs daily

"writing and speaking English fluently has become fundamental to getting work done"



Conclusions





A Hidden Challenge!

- Conflicting policies (Hultgren, 2016)
- Overestimation of proficiency
 - Receptive = Productive
 - Lack of genre awareness
 - English vs. Icelandic?
 - Repertoire of registers and genres?
- Instructors do not see it as their role to support language
- Tradition?



Response:

Reorganized Program/New Approach to Teaching Writing to meet EMI Needs BA in English Program:

- Intensive academic writing course
- Genre based courses

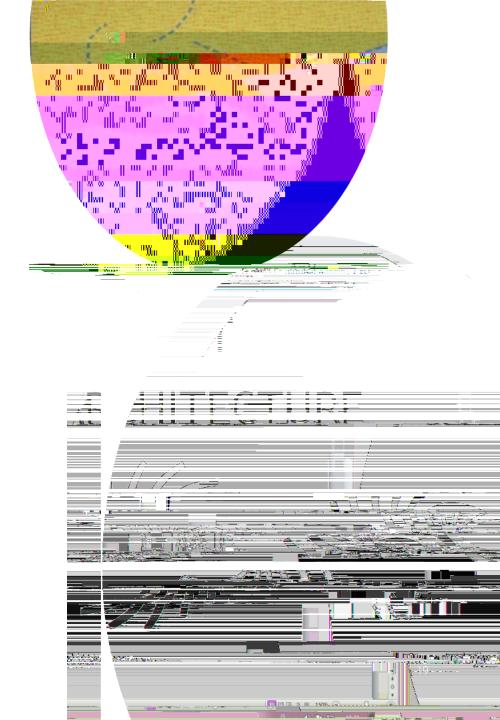
General Student Population:

Academic English Program

Constraints:

 Awareness is growing but, many departments do not accept transfers from English Developed a New Approach to Teaching English to Students in EMI Programs

- Raise Awareness through AWARE
- Focus on a "Gateway" Genre
- Authors: Patricia Prinz and Birna Arnbjörnsdóttir



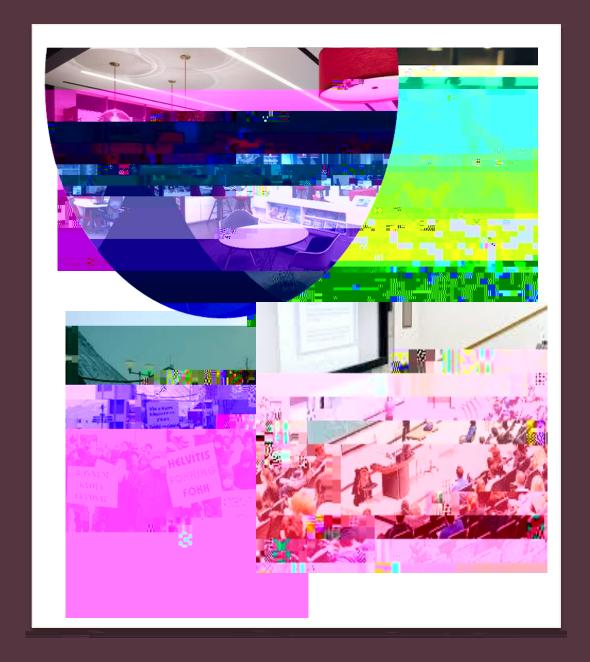
The Approach

•

The Linguistic Landscape of Iceland?

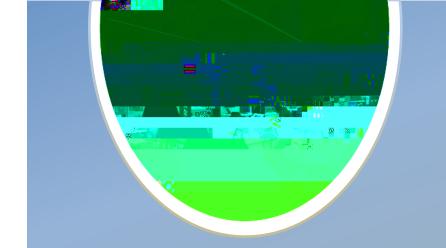
A new linguistic context:

- ELF at the grassroots level
- ENL standards in Education and the work place.



Future?

- 2019-2023: 2.6 % economic growth
 - Travel Industry
- 2016/2017: 30.275Tm0 g0 G(2)7(0)7(1)7(r)3(y29\29\29\29\29\20



THANK YOU!



- Anna Jeeves. 2013. Relevance in Learning English: Students' Voices. Ph.D. Diss. University of Iceland.
- Anna Jeeves. 2010. English at Secondary School: Perceptions of Relevance. Ráðstefnurit Netlu Menntakvika 2010. *Netla Veftímarit um uppeldi og menntun og Menntavísindasvið Háskóla Íslands.*
- Ásrún Jóhannsdóttir. 2010. English in the 4th grade in Iceland: Exploring exposure and measuring vocabulary size of 4th grade students. Ráðstefnurit Netlu Menntakvika 2010. *Netla Veftímarit um uppeldi og menntun og Menntavísindasvið Háskóla Íslands. http://netla.khi.is/menntakvika2010/008.pdf.*
- Birna Arnbjörnsdóttir. 2011. Exposure to English in Iceland: A Quantitative and Qualitative Study. Ráðstefnurit Netlu Menntakvika 2011. *Netla Veftímarit um uppeldi og menntun og Menntavísindasvið Háskóla Íslands.* http://netla.hi.is/menntakvika2011/004.pdf.

Reference

•